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**A D V A N C E D G U I D E**

*Student Edition*



**DR. STEVE WARNER**

**WITH 1000 PROBLEMS**  
**& 48 LESSONS**

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# **The Scholarly Unicorn's SAT Math Advanced Guide with 1000 Problems and 48 Lessons**

Student Edition

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Dr. Steve Warner



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# BOOKS FROM THE GET 800 COLLECTION FOR COLLEGE BOUND STUDENTS

The Scholarly Unicorn's SAT Math Advanced Guide  
28 SAT Math Lessons to Improve Your Score in One Month  
    Beginner Course  
    Intermediate Course  
    Advanced Course  
New SAT Math Problems arranged by Topic and Difficulty Level  
320 SAT Math Problems arranged by Topic and Difficulty Level  
SAT Verbal Prep Book for Reading and Writing Mastery  
320 SAT Math Subject Test Problems  
    Level 1 Test  
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320 SAT Chemistry Subject Test Problems  
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28 ACT Math Lessons to Improve Your Score in One Month  
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555 Advanced Math Problems for Middle School Students  
555 Geometry Problems for High School Students  
Algebra Handbook for Gifted Middle School Students  
1000 Logic and Reasoning Questions for Gifted and Talented  
    Elementary School Students

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## LESSON 1 – HEART OF ALGEBRA SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS



### Must We Always Be So Formal?

Suppose we are asked to solve for  $x$  in the following equation:

$$x - 2 = 7$$

In other words, we are being asked for a number such that when we subtract 2 from that number we get 7. It is not too hard to see that  $9 - 2 = 7$ , so that  $x = 9$ .

I call the technique above solving this equation *informally*. In other words, when we solve algebraic equations informally we are solving for the variable very quickly in our heads.

We can also solve for  $x$  *formally* by adding 2 to each side of the equation:

$$\begin{array}{r} x - 2 = 7 \\ +2 \quad +2 \\ \hline x \quad = 9 \end{array}$$

In other words, when we solve an algebraic equation formally we are writing out all the steps – just as we would do it on a test in school.

To save time on the SAT you should practice solving equations informally as much as possible. And you should also practice solving equations formally – this will increase your mathematical skill level.

Let's try another:

$$7x = 42$$

Informally, 7 times 6 is 42, so we see that  $x = 6$ .

Formally, we can divide each side of the equation by 7:

$$\begin{array}{r} 7x = 42 \\ \underline{7 \quad 7} \\ x = 6 \end{array}$$

Now let's get a little harder:

$$8x + 3 = 59$$

We can still do this informally. First, let's figure out what number plus 3 is 59. Well, 56 plus 3 is 59. So,  $8x$  is 56. Therefore,  $x$  must be 7.

Here is the formal solution:

$$\begin{array}{r} 8x + 3 = 59 \\ \underline{-3 \quad -3} \\ 8x \quad = 56 \\ \underline{8 \quad 8} \\ x \quad = 7 \end{array}$$

On the SAT, a combination of formal and informal algebra often works best. Let's look at an example.

## LEVEL 1: HEART OF ALGEBRA – SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS

1. If  $5 + x + x = 1 + x + x + x$ , what is the value of  $x$  ?

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4

**Algebraic solution:** Here is a quick algebraic solution to the problem.

$$\begin{aligned} 5 + x + x &= 1 + x + x + x \\ 5 + 2x &= 1 + 3x \\ 5 &= 1 + x \\ 4 &= x \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the answer is choice **D**.

**Notes:** (1) For the first step, we **combined like terms**. On the left, we have  $x + x = 2x$  and on the right, we have  $x + x + x = 3x$ .

(2) For the second step, we *formally* subtracted  $2x$  from each side of the equation. Here are the details.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 + 2x = 1 + 3x \\ \underline{-2x \quad -2x} \\ 5 \quad \quad = 1 + x \end{array}$$

(3) The last step is best done *informally*. To solve  $5 = 1 + x$ , we are asking “5 is 1 plus what number?” Well the number is 4.

### A Balancing Act

In this problem, we can use a little “balancing” trick to get to the answer faster. If the same quantity appears on each side of an equation, we can simply *strike it off from each side*.

\* **Striking off  $x$ 's:** We strike off two  $x$ 's from each side of the equation to get

$$5 = 1 + x.$$

This becomes  $4 = x$ , choice **D**.

**Notes:** (1) You can physically use your pencil to strike off those  $x$ 's. The marked-up problem would look as follows.

$$5 + \cancel{x} + \cancel{x} = 1 + x + \cancel{x} + \cancel{x}$$

(2) As in the previous solution, the equation  $5 = 1 + x$  is best solved *informally* to save the most time.



**Plug It In!**

In lots of SAT math problems, you can get the answer simply by trying each of the answer choices until you find the one that works. Unless you have some intuition as to what the correct answer might be, starting in the middle with **B** or **C** is best (although there are some exceptions to this rule that we will see later). The reason for this is simple. Answers are usually given in increasing or decreasing order. If choice B or C fails, you can often eliminate one or two of the other choices as well.

**Solution by starting with choice C:** We start with choice C and substitute 3 in for  $x$  on each side of the equation.

$$\begin{aligned} 5 + 3 + 3 &= 1 + 3 + 3 + 3 \\ 11 &= 10 \end{aligned}$$

Since this is false, we can eliminate choice C. A little thought should allow you to eliminate choices A and B as well (don't worry if you don't see this – just take another guess). Let's try choice D next.

$$\begin{aligned} 5 + 4 + 4 &= 1 + 4 + 4 + 4 \\ 13 &= 13 \end{aligned}$$

Thus, the answer is choice **D**.

**Notes:** (1) We can begin with an algebraic solution, and then switch to plugging in later. For example, in this problem, we can write  $5 + 2x = 1 + 3x$ , and then start substituting in the answer choices from here.

(2) The method of “plugging it in” illustrated here is usually *not* the most efficient method for solving math problems on the SAT. However, it is a *reliable* method that can be used to solve many types of multiple choice questions of varying difficulties. Keep this as a *fallback* method for when you get stuck.



UNI SAYS...

*Plugging in Answer Choices* is a nice method to keep around just in case you get stuck. Practice this method often, so it's easy to recall when you need it.

**Time to Practice****LEVEL 1: HEART OF ALGEBRA – SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS**

$$x + x + 6x - 6 = 5 + 4 + 2x + x + x + x$$

2. In the equation above, what is the value of  $x$  ?

- A) 5
- B)  $\frac{15}{4}$
- C)  $-\frac{2}{3}$
- D)  $-5$

3. If  $2j = \frac{x-4}{3}$  and  $j = 6$ , what is the value of  $x$  ?

- A) 10
- B) 20
- C) 30
- D) 40

4. For what value of  $x$  is  $\frac{5x}{2} - 7 = 23$  ?

$$\frac{3}{7}x = \frac{4}{3}$$

5. What value of  $x$  is the solution of the equation above?

- A)  $\frac{4}{7}$
- B)  $\frac{9}{7}$
- C)  $\frac{28}{9}$
- D)  $\frac{28}{3}$

## LEVEL 2: HEART OF ALGEBRA – SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS

$$L = 11 + 1.6M$$

6. One end of an elastic band is taped to the bottom of a ceiling fan. When an object of mass  $M$  kilograms is attached to the other end of the elastic band, the band stretches to a length of  $L$  centimeters as shown in the equation above. What is  $M$  when  $L = 13$  ?
7. If  $4x - 5 = 53$ , what is the value of  $12x - 2$  ?

## LEVEL 3: HEART OF ALGEBRA – SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS

8. If  $15x = 73$ , what is the value of  $3(x + \frac{4}{5})$ ?

- A) 17
- B) 15
- C)  $\frac{73}{15}$
- D)  $\frac{77}{15}$

9. On Sunday, Janice studied 3 more hours than Chris. If they studied for a combined total of 13 hours, how many hours did Chris study for on Sunday?
- A) 5
  - B) 6
  - C) 7
  - D) 8

## LEVEL 4: HEART OF ALGEBRA – SOLVING LINEAR EQUATIONS

10. A gymnast's final score is determined by the sum of the difficulty score and execution score, less any deductions for neutral errors. Jackie had a difficulty score of  $p$  points and an execution score of  $q$  points. Assuming that Jackie lost  $\frac{1}{8}$  of a point for each of her 20 neutral errors and had a final score of 6.5, what is the value of  $p + q$  ?

## About the Author

Dr. Steve Warner, a New York native, earned his Ph.D. at Rutgers University in Pure Mathematics in May 2001. While a graduate student, Dr. Warner won the TA Teaching Excellence Award.



After Rutgers, Dr. Warner joined the Penn State Mathematics Department as an Assistant Professor. In September 2002, Dr. Warner returned to New York to accept an Assistant Professor position at Hofstra University. By September 2007, Dr. Warner had received tenure and was promoted to Associate Professor. He has taught undergraduate and graduate courses in Precalculus, Calculus, Linear Algebra, Differential Equations, Mathematical Logic, Set Theory and Abstract Algebra.

Over that time, Dr. Warner participated in a five-year NSF grant, “The MSTP Project,” to study and improve mathematics and science curriculum in poorly performing junior high schools. He also published several articles in scholarly journals, specifically on Mathematical Logic.

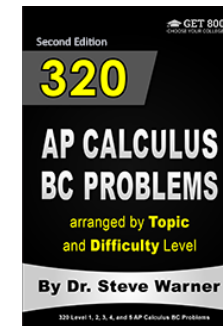
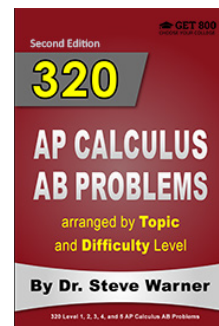
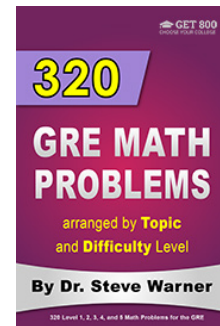
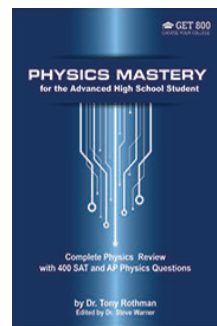
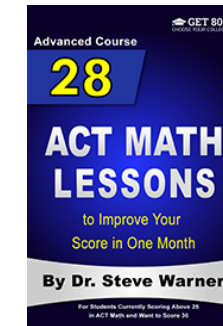
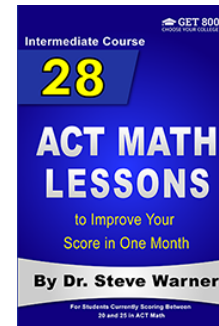
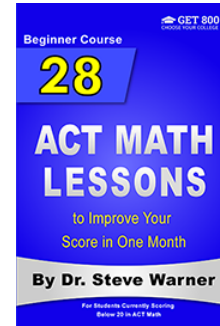
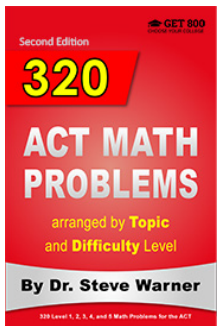
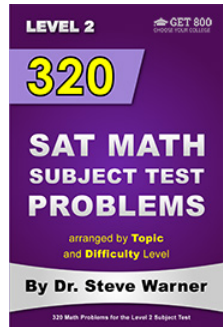
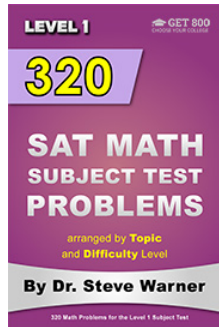
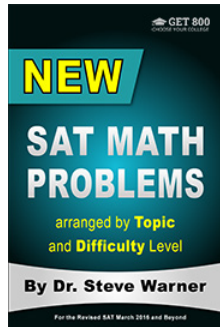
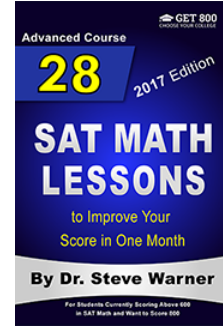
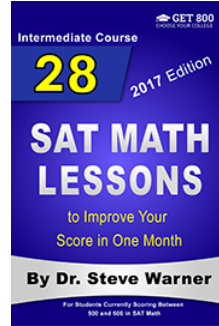
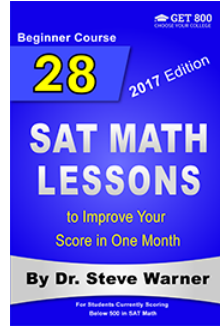
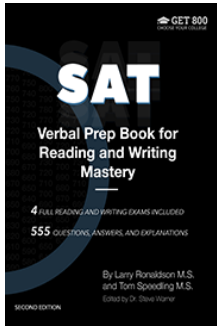
Dr. Warner has more than 15 years of experience in general math tutoring and tutoring for standardized tests such as the SAT, ACT and AP Calculus exams. He has tutored students both individually and in group settings.

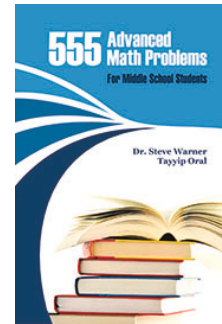
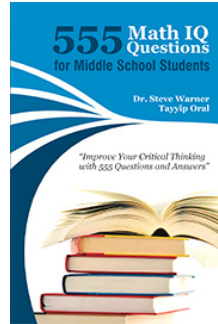
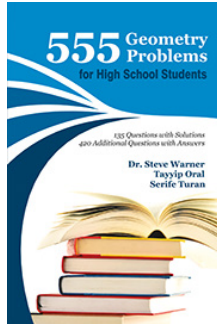
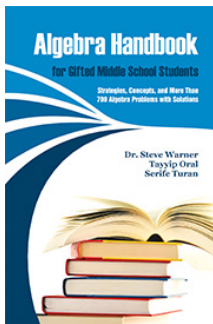
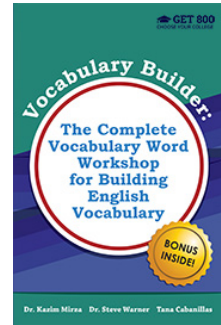
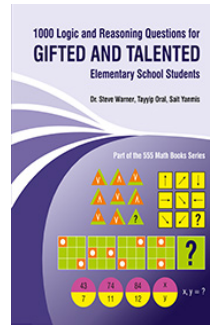
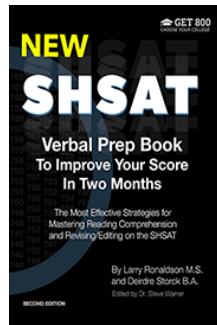
In February 2010 Dr. Warner released his first SAT prep book “The 32 Most Effective SAT Math Strategies,” and in 2012 founded Get 800 Test Prep. Since then Dr. Warner has written books for the SAT, ACT, SAT Math Subject Tests, AP Calculus exams, and GRE.

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# BOOKS BY DR. STEVE WARNER





## CONNECT WITH DR. STEVE WARNER



The Scholarly Unicorn's SAT Math Advanced Guide with 1000 Problems and 48 Lessons was written by a Ph.D. in mathematics to help students achieve a perfect SAT math score.

The first part of the book consists of 48 lessons that cover all the concepts, strategies, and problems needed to get a perfect SAT math score. Keep an eye out for Uni the unicorn... he pops up throughout the lessons to emphasize important strategies and give additional tips.

The second part of the book is a workbook consisting of several problem sets organized by topic and difficulty level, making it easy to focus on problem types necessary for your improvement.

Each of the 1000 problems in this book comes with at least one complete explanation (and often more) followed by helpful remarks to ensure that you develop a deep understanding of all the material presented.

**Here is what customers say about Dr. Warner's previous work:**

★★★★★ **"Got an 800 as promised!... I didn't have any outside tutoring, so this book was the only reason I scored so high... It's literally a godsend and I'd give it 6 stars if I could." (A.W., 28 SAT Math Lessons)**

★★★★★ **"My daughter got one wrong only! She received a full scholarship to the University of Miami." (M.L., 28 SAT Math Lessons)**

★★★★★ **"The approach presented by Dr. Steve is exactly what the doctor ordered." (A.M., 28 SAT Math Lessons)**